# SSY281 PSS 6 - MPT Part 2: MPC and Minimum-Time Control

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Design a MPC with the MPT toolbox, cf file MPC\_controller.m.

How should should  $X_f$  and  $V_f$  be chosen? One option is:

**Theorem 10.10** (Stability of constrained linear quadratic MPC). Consider the linear quadratic MPC with linear constraints applied to the controllable system  $x^+ = Ax + Bu$  and with positive definite matrices Q and R. Further assume that the terminal cost  $V_f$  is chosen as the value function of the corresponding unconstrained, infinite horizon LQ controller, and that the terminal constraint set  $X_f$  is chosen as described above. Then the origin is asymptotically stable with a region of attraction  $X_N$  for the controlled system  $x^+ = Ax + B\kappa_N(x)$ .

where  $\mathbb{X}_f$  is the LQR invariant set (i.e. (i) no  $\mathbb{X}$  or  $\mathbb{U}$  constraints are active (ii) control invariant for the infinite horizon LQ control law).

But other choices of  $\mathbb{X}_f$  are possible too:  $\mathcal{C}_{\infty}$ ,  $\{0\}$ , ...

# PSS 6 - Explicit MPC

#### **Reminder:**

▶ Remember the batch approach from chapter 3 of the LN? (page 25)

$$\boldsymbol{x} = \Omega \boldsymbol{x}(0) + \Gamma \boldsymbol{u}.$$

- ▶ Take some x (or x(0)) in the feasible set.
- ▶ The LQ MPC can be written as (page 92):

$$\min_{u} \quad V_N(x, u) = \frac{1}{2} (u^\top \tilde{R} u + x^\top \tilde{Q} x) + u^\top S x$$
  
subject to  $Fu \leq Gx + h$ 

which is a parametric optimization problem with parameter x.

• At the optimal solution  $u^*$ , some constraints are active and some are inactive (cf chapter on Optimization in LN).

# PSS 6 - Explicit MPC

**Key idea:** The active set at the optimal solution for x remains the same in a neighborhood of x.



Figure: Critical regions of the feasible set.

- ▶ Linear feedback in each region  $R_i$  since active set is fixed.
- ▶ Off-line phase: compute feedback law in each  $R_i$ .
- ▶ On-line phase: find current  $R_i$  and apply relevant feedback.

### PSS 6 - Minimum-Time Control

Algorithm from the book: F Borrelli, A. Bemporad, and M. Morari. *Predictive Control for Linear and Hybrid Systems* (Chapter 11, section 5).

Needed for Assignment 8.

▶ Minimum time control problem:

$$J_{0}^{*}(x(0)) = \min_{U_{0},N} N$$
  
subj. to  $x_{k+1} = Ax_{k} + Bu_{k}, \ k = 0, \dots, N-1$   
 $x_{k} \in \mathcal{X}, \ u_{k} \in \mathcal{U}, \ k = 0, \dots, N-1$   
 $x_{N} \in \mathcal{X}_{f}$   
 $x_{0} = x(0),$ 

- ▶ Say we want an explicit control law to solve it.
- ▶ Go for 1 N-horizon EMPC, or N 1-horizon EMPC?

### PSS 6 - Minimum-Time Control

▶ N 1-horizon EMPC of the form:

$$\min_{\substack{u_0\\u_0}} c(x_0, u_0)$$
subj. to  $x_1 = Ax_0 + Bu_0$ 
 $x_0 \in \mathcal{X}, \ u_0 \in \mathcal{U}$ 
 $x_1 \in \mathcal{K}_{j-1}(\mathcal{X}_f),$ 

By definition, feasible set of each subproblem is K<sub>j</sub>(X<sub>f</sub>).
Remember:



# PSS 6 - Minimum-Time Control

Algorithm 1: Minimum-time control algorithm.

- 1 Input:  $x_0$
- 2 Off-line: solve each subproblem j, starting from  $\mathbb{X}_f$ .
- $x = x_0$
- 4 On-line:
- 5 while  $x \notin X_f$  do
- 6 Find <u>smallest</u> controller j s.t.  $x \in \mathcal{K}_j(\mathbb{X}_f)$ .
- 7 Find controller region  $R_{j,i}$  s.t.  $x \in R_{j,i}$ .
- 8 Apply the corresponding control feedback, i.e.  $x = (A + BK_{j,i})x.$

9 end

MPT function tips:

- ▶ *envelope*: Translate a collection of sets (e.g. a EMPC partition..) into a set object.
- ▶ *contains*: Check if a point in a given set.
- ▶ evaluate: Get command from an EMPC controller.