

## Chapter 4: A Galerkin FEM for BVP (summary)

January 29, 2021

**Goal:** Provide an introduction to finite element methods (FEM) for BVP.

- Let  $m$  be a positive integer. Denote a **partition** of the interval  $[0, 1]$  into  $m+1$  subintervals by  $\tau_h : 0 = x_0 < x_1 < \dots < x_m < x_{m+1} = 1$ , where  $h_j = x_j - x_{j-1}$  for  $j = 1, 2, \dots, m+1$  (we shall mainly consider the case of a **uniform partition**, where  $h_j = h$  constant). We define the **hat function**  $\{\varphi_j\}_{j=0}^{m+1}$  by

$$\varphi_j(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x-x_{j-1}}{h_j} & \text{for } x_{j-1} \leq x \leq x_j \\ \frac{x-x_{j+1}}{-h_{j+1}} & \text{for } x_j \leq x \leq x_{j+1} \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases}$$

for  $j = 1, \dots, m$ . The functions  $\varphi_0(x)$  and  $\varphi_{m+1}(x)$  are defined as half hat functions.

With the above, one then defines the **space of continuous piecewise linear functions** on  $[0, 1]$  by

$$V_h = V_h(0, 1) = \{v : [0, 1] \rightarrow \mathbb{R} : v \text{ cont. piecewise linear on } \tau_h\} = \text{span}(\varphi_0, \varphi_1, \dots, \varphi_{m+1}).$$

As usual, one has  $v(x) = \sum_{j=0}^{m+1} \zeta_j \varphi_j(x)$ , where  $\zeta_j = v(x_j)$ , for any  $v \in V_h$ .

- In a nutshell, a **Galerkin finite element method (FEM)** for the BVP with homogeneous Dirichlet BC

$$\begin{cases} -u''(x) = f(x) & \text{for } x \in (0, 1) \\ u(0) = 0, u(1) = 0 \end{cases}$$

consists of the following

- Multiply the DE by a test function  $v \in H_0^1 = \{v : [0, 1] \rightarrow \mathbb{R} : v, v' \in L^2(0, 1) \text{ and } v(0) = v(1) = 0\}$ . Integrate the above over the domain  $[0, 1]$  and get the **variational formulation** of the problem (VF)

$$\text{Find } u \in H_0^1 \text{ such that } \int_0^1 u'(x) v'(x) dx = \int_0^1 f(x) v(x) dx \text{ for all } v \in H_0^1$$

or shortly

$$\text{Find } u \in H_0^1 \text{ such that } (u', v')_{L^2(0,1)} = (f, v)_{L^2(0,1)} \quad \forall v \in H_0^1.$$

- Specify the finite dimensional space  $V_h^0 \subset H_0^1$  defined as  $V_h^0 = \text{span}(\varphi_1, \dots, \varphi_m)$ , for the above hat functions  $\varphi_j$ . Consider the **FE problem**

$$\text{Find } u_h \in V_h^0 \text{ such that } (u_h', \chi')_{L^2(0,1)} = (f, \chi)_{L^2(0,1)} \quad \forall \chi \in V_h^0.$$

- Insert the ansatz

$$u_h(x) = \sum_{j=1}^m \zeta_j \varphi_j(x)$$

into the FE problem and take  $\chi = \varphi_i$ , for  $i = 1, \dots, m$ , to get a linear system of equation for the unknown  $\zeta = (\zeta_1, \dots, \zeta_m)$ :

$$S\zeta = b.$$

Here,  $S = (s_{i,j})_{i,j=1}^m$  is termed the **stiffness matrix** (with entries  $s_{ij} = (\varphi_i', \varphi_j')_{L^2(0,1)}$ ) and  $b = (b_i)_{i=1}^m$  the **load vector** (with entries  $b_i = (f, \varphi_i)_{L^2(0,1)}$ ).

**Further resources:**

- [https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/Introduction\\_to\\_finite\\_elements](https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/Introduction_to_finite_elements)
- <http://hplgit.github.io/INF5620/doc/pub/sphinx-fem/index.html>
- <https://web.stanford.edu/class/energy281/FiniteElementMethod.pdf>
- <http://mitran-lab.amath.unc.edu/courses/MATH762/bibliography/LinTextBook/chap6.pdf>
- [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WwgrAH-IMOk&ab\\_channel=SeriousScience](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WwgrAH-IMOk&ab_channel=SeriousScience) (good!)