

MATEMATISK ANALYS I EN VARIABEL FÖR I1, MVE016

Formelblad

Trigonometriska formler

$$\cos^2 x + \sin^2 x = 1$$

$$1 + \tan^2 x = \frac{1}{\cos^2 x}$$

$$\sin(x+y) = \sin x \cos y + \cos x \sin y$$

$$\sin(x-y) = \sin x \cos y - \cos x \sin y$$

$$\cos(x+y) = \cos x \cos y - \sin x \sin y$$

$$\cos(x-y) = \cos x \cos y + \sin x \sin y$$

$$\tan(x+y) = \frac{\tan x + \tan y}{1 - \tan x \tan y}$$

$$\sin 2x = 2 \sin x \cos x$$

$$\cos 2x = \cos^2 x - \sin^2 x = 2 \cos^2 x - 1 = 1 - 2 \sin^2 x$$

$$2 \sin x \cos y = \sin(x+y) + \sin(x-y)$$

$$2 \sin x \sin y = \cos(x-y) - \cos(x+y)$$

$$2 \cos x \cos y = \cos(x-y) + \cos(x+y)$$

Maclaurinutvecklingar

$$e^x = 1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^3}{3!} + \dots + \frac{x^n}{n!} + \frac{x^{n+1}}{(n+1)!} e^\xi$$

$$\sin x = x - \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^5}{5!} + \dots + (-1)^{n-1} \frac{x^{2n-1}}{(2n-1)!} + (-1)^n \frac{x^{2n+1}}{(2n+1)!} \cos \xi$$

$$\cos x = 1 - \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^4}{4!} + \dots + (-1)^n \frac{x^{2n}}{(2n)!} + (-1)^{n+1} \frac{x^{2n+2}}{(2n+2)!} \cos \xi$$

$$\arctan x = x - \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{x^5}{5} + \dots + (-1)^{n-1} \frac{x^{2n-1}}{2n-1} + (-1)^n \frac{x^{2n+1}}{(2n+1)(1+\xi^2)}$$

$$\ln(1+x) = x - \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{3} \dots + (-1)^{n-1} \frac{x^n}{n} + (-1)^n \frac{x^{n+1}}{(n+1)(1+\xi)^{n+1}}$$

$$(1+x)^\alpha = 1 + \alpha x + \binom{\alpha}{2} x^2 + \binom{\alpha}{3} x^3 + \dots + \binom{\alpha}{n} x^n + \binom{\alpha}{n+1} x^{n+1} (1+\xi)^{\alpha-n-1}$$

I alla utvecklingarna är ξ ett tal mellan 0 och x .

$$\binom{\alpha}{k} = \frac{\alpha(\alpha-1)(\alpha-2)\dots(\alpha-k+1)}{k!}$$