Lecture 10: Image classification Spatial Statistics and Image Analysis



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MINST data

































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Image classification

- Assume that we have a set of images x_1, \ldots, x_n that can be divided into K different classes.
- We want use these images to train a classifier which can be used to classify new images.

Supervised learning

We also have access to the labels z_1, \ldots, z_N for each image in the training data, which we use when training the classifier.

Unsupervised learning

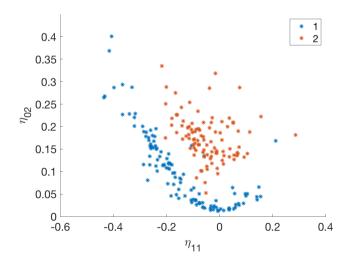
We train the model without any label information (cluster analysis).

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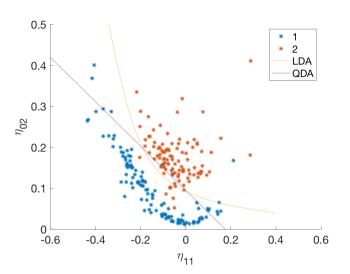
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Scale invariant moments



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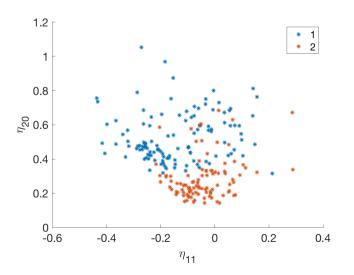
LDA and QDA



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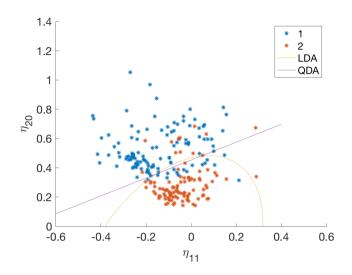
Scale invariant moments



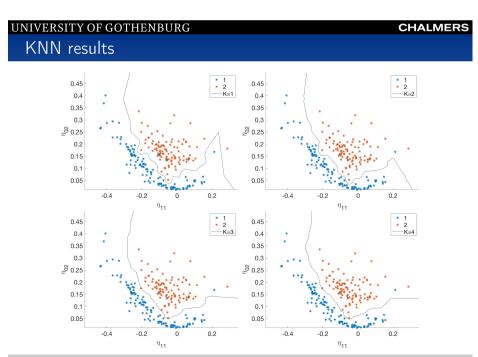
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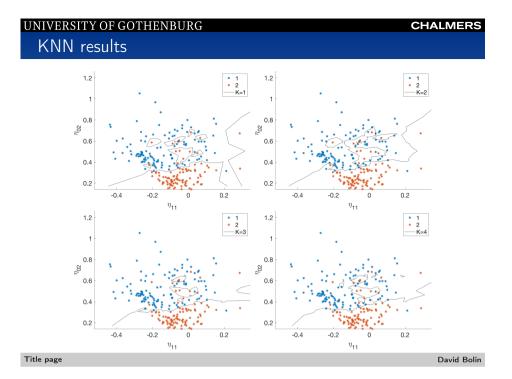
LDA and QDA

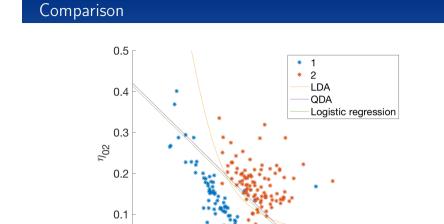


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-0.2

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0.6

0.4

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-0.6

-0.4

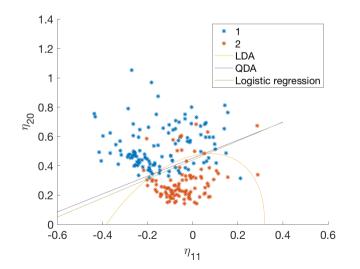
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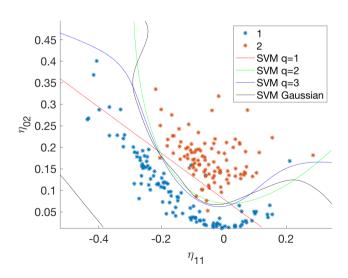
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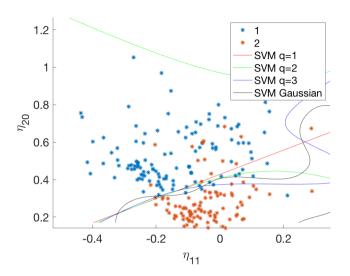
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SVM results

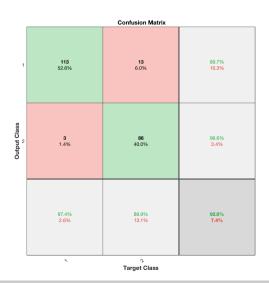


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Confusion matrix for the SVM with Gaussian kernel

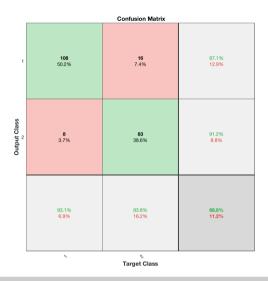


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Confusion matrix for 5-fold crossvalidation



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